# PERMIT PROCESS GUIDELINES FOR SMALL-SCALE PV SYSTEMS STANDARD STRING SYSTEM, MICRO-INVERTER, SUPPLY-SIDE CONNECTION, AC MODULE

The information in this guideline is intended to help local jurisdictions and contractors identify when PV system installations are simple, needing only a basic review, and when an installation is more complex. It is likely that 50%-75% of all residential systems will comply with these simple criteria.

### Required Information for Permit:

- 1. Complete building permit application and Contractor's Registration.
- 2. Site plan showing location of major components on the property. This drawing need not be exactly to scale, but it should represent relative location of components at site (see supplied example site plan). PV arrays on dwellings with a 3' perimeter space at ridge and sides may not need separate fire service review.
- 3. Electrical diagram showing PV array configuration, wiring system, overcurrent protection, inverter, disconnects, required signs, and ac connection to building (see supplied standard electrical diagram).
- 4. Specification sheets and installation manuals (if available) for all manufactured components including, but not limited to, PV modules, inverter(s), combiner box, disconnects, and mounting system.

Step 1: Structural Review of PV Array Mounting System	
Is the array to be mounted on a defined, permitted roof structure? $\square$ Yes $\square$ No If No due to non-compliant roof or a ground mount, submit completed worksheet for the structure WKS1.	
Roof Information:	
1. Is the roofing type lightweight (Yes = composition, lightweight masonry, metal, etc)	
If No, submit completed worksheet for roof structure WKS1 (No = heavy masonry, slate, etc).  2. Does the roof have a single roof covering?   Yes  No  If No, submit completed worksheet for roof structure WKS1.	
3. Provide method and type of weatherproofing roof penetrations (e.g. flashing, caulk)	
<ul> <li>Mounting System Information:         <ol> <li>Is the mounting structure an engineered product designed to mount PV modules with no more than an 18" gap beneath the module frames?</li></ol></li></ul>	
a. Mounting System ManufacturerProduct Name Model#	
b. Total Weight of PV Modules and Railslbs	
c. Total Number of Attachment Points	
d. Weight per Attachment Point (b ÷ c)lbs (if greater than 45 lbs, see WKS1)	
e. Maximum Spacing Between Attachment Points on a Railinches (see product manual for maximum spacing allowed based on maximum design wind speed)	
f. Total Surface Area of PV Modules (square feet) ft <sup>2</sup>	
g. Distributed Weight of PV Module on Roof (b ÷ f)lbs/ft <sup>2</sup>	

### Step 2: Electrical Review of PV System (Calculations for Electrical Diagram)

#### In order for a PV system to meet the basic review requirements, the following must apply:

- 1. PV modules, utility-interactive inverters, and combiner boxes are identified for use in PV systems.
- 2. The PV array is composed of 4 series strings or less per inverter.
- 3. The total inverter capacity has a continuous ac power output 13,440 Watts or less
- 4. The ac interconnection point is on the load side of service disconnecting means (690.64(B)).

If distributed weight of the PV system is greater than 5 lbs/ $ft^2$ , see WKS1.

5. One of the standard electrical diagrams can be used to accurately represent the PV system. Interactive PDF diagrams are available at www.solarabcs.org/permitting.

Fill out the standard electrical diagram completely. A guide to the electrical diagram is provided to help the applicant understand each blank to fill in. If the electrical system is more complex than the standard electrical diagram can effectively communicate, provide an alternative diagram with appropriate detail.

### STRUCTURE WORKSHEET - WKS1

### If array is roof mounted

This section is for evaluating roof structural members that are site built. This includes rafter systems and site built trusses. Manufactured truss and roof joist systems, when installed with proper spacing, meet the roof structure requirements covered in item 2 below

1.	Roof construction: $\square$ Rafters $\square$ Trusses $\square$ Other:						
2.	Describe site-built rafter or or site-built truss system.						
	a. Rafter Size: x inches						
	b. Rafter Spacing: inches						
	c. Maximum unsupported span: feet, inches						
	d. Are the rafters over-spanned? (see the IRC span tables in <b>B.2</b> .) $\square$ <b>Yes</b> $\square$ <b>No</b>						
	e. If Yes, complete the rest of this section.						
3.	If the roof system has						
	a. over-spanned rafters or trusses,						
b. the array over 5 lbs/ft <sup>2</sup> on any roof construction, or							
	c. the attachments with a dead load exceeding 45 lbs per attachment;						

it is recommended that you provide one of the following:

- i. A framing plan that shows details for how you will strengthen the rafters using the supplied span tables in B.2.
- ii. Confirmation certified by a design professional that the roof structure will support the array.

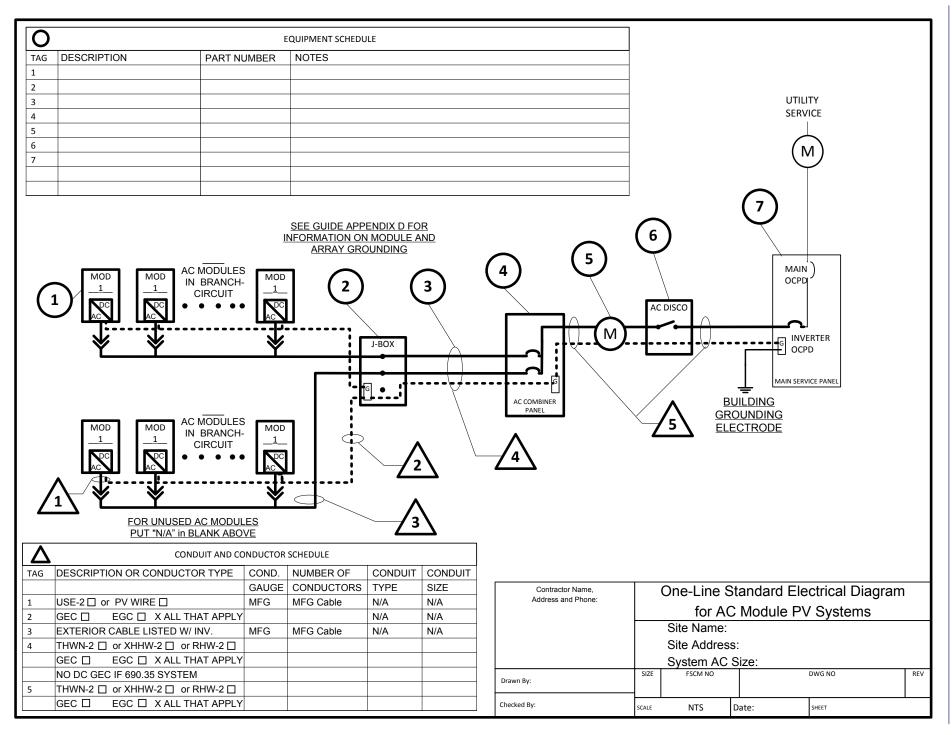
### *If array is ground mounted:*

- 1. Show array supports, framing members, and foundation posts and footings.
- 2. Provide information on mounting structure(s) construction. If the mounting structure is unfamiliar to the local jurisdiction and is more than six (6) feet above grade, it may require engineering calculations certified by a design professional.
- 3. Show detail on module attachment method to mounting structure.



Contractor Name,			Site F	Plan	
Address and Phone:	for	Small-Sc		e-Phase PV Sys	stems
		Site Name	: :		
		Site Addre			
	System AC Size:			-	
Drawn By:	SIZE	FSCM NO		DWG NO	REV
Checked By:	SCALE	NTS	Date:	SHEET	

### AC MODULE ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM



### NOTES FOR AC MODULE ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM

#### NOTES FOR ALL DRAWINGS:

OCPD = OVERCURRENT PROTECTION DEVICE

NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE® REFERENCES SHOWN AS (NEC XXX.XX)

#### AC MODULE RATINGS (Guide Appendix C)

AC MODULE MAKE		
AC MODULE MODEL		
NOMINAL OPERATING	AC VOLTAGE	
NOMINAL OPERATING		
MAXIMUM AC POWER		
MAXIMUM AC CURREN	NT	
MAXIMUM OCPD RATII		

#### **SIGNS-SEE GUIDE SECTION 7**

#### SIGN FOR DC DISCONNECT

N/A since no dc wiring

## SIGN FOR INVERTER OCPD AND AC DISCONNECT (IF USED)

SOLAR PV SYSTEM
AC POINT OF CONNECTION

AC OUTPUT CURRENT

NOMINAL AC VOLTAGE

THIS PANEL FED BY MULTIPLE SOURCES (UTILITY AND SOLAR)

#### NOTES FOR ARRAY CIRCUIT WIRING (Guide Section 6 and 8 and Appendix F):

- 1.) LOWEST EXPECT AMBIENT TEMPERATURE BASED ON ASHRAE MINIMUM MEAN EXTREME DRY BULB TEMPERATURE FOR ASHRAE LOCATION MOST SIMILAR TO INSTALLATION LOCATION. LOWEST EXPECTED AMBIENT TEMP \_\_\_\_°C
- 2.) HIGHEST CONTINUOUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE BASED ON ASHRAE HIGHEST MONTH 2% DRY BULB TEMPERATURE FOR ASHRAE LOCATION MOST SIMILAR TO INSTALLATION LOCATION. HIGHEST CONTINUOUS TEMPERATURE \_\_\_°C
- 2.) 2009 ASHRAE FUNDAMENTALS 2% DESIGN TEMPERATURES DO NOT EXCEED  $47^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  IN THE UNITED STATES (PALM SPRINGS, CA IS  $44.1^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ ). FOR 6 OR LESS CURRENT-CARRYING CONDUCTORS IN ROOF-MOUNTED SUNLIT CONDUIT AT LEAST 0.5" ABOVE ROOF AND USING THE OUTDOOR DESIGN TEMPERATURE OF  $47^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  OR LESS (ALL OF UNITED STATES),
- a) 12 AWG,  $90^{\circ}$ C CONDUCTORS ARE GENERALLY ACCEPTABLE FOR AC MODULES INVERTER OUTPUT CIRCUITS WITH 12 AMPS OR LESS WHEN PROTECTED BY A 15-AMP OR SMALLER OCPD.
- b) 10 AWG,  $90^{\circ}$ C CONDUCTORS ARE GENERALLY ACCEPTABLE FOR AC MODULES INVERTER OUTPUT CIRCUITS WITH 16 AMPS OR LESS WHEN PROTECTED BY A 20-AMP OR SMALLER OCPD.

#### NOTES FOR INVERTER CIRCUITS (Guide Section 8 and 9):

- 1) IF UTILITY REQUIRES A VISIBLE-BREAK SWITCH, DOES THIS SWITCH MEET THE REQUIREMENT? YES  $_{\square}$  NO  $_{\square}$  N/A  $_{\square}$
- 2) IF GENERATION METER REQUIRED, DOES THIS METER SOCKET MEET THE REQUIREMENT? YES  $\Box$  NO  $\Box$  N/A  $\Box$
- 3) SIZE PHOTOVOLTAIC POWER SOURCE (DC) CONDUCTORS BASED ON MAX CURRENT ON NEC 690.53 SIGN OR OCPD RATING AT DISCONNECT (N/A)
- 4) SIZE INVERTER OUTPUT CIRCUIT (AC) CONDUCTORS ACCORDING TO INVERTER OCPD AMPERE RATING. (See Guide Section 9)
- 5) TOTAL OF INVERTER OUTPUT CIRCUIT OCPD(s), ONE FOR EACH AC MODULE CIRCUIT. DOES TOTAL SUPPLY BREAKERS COMPLY WITH 120% BUSBAR EXCEPTION IN 690.64(B)(2)(a)? YES ☐ NO ☐

Contractor Name, Address and Phone:	Notes for One-Line Standard Electrical					
, tadiose and i none.	Diagram for Single-Phase PV Systems					
Site Name:						
		Site Address:				
System AC Size:						
Drawn By: Bill	SIZE	FSCM NO			DWG NO	REV
Checked By: Ted	SCALE	NTS	Date:		SHEET	